








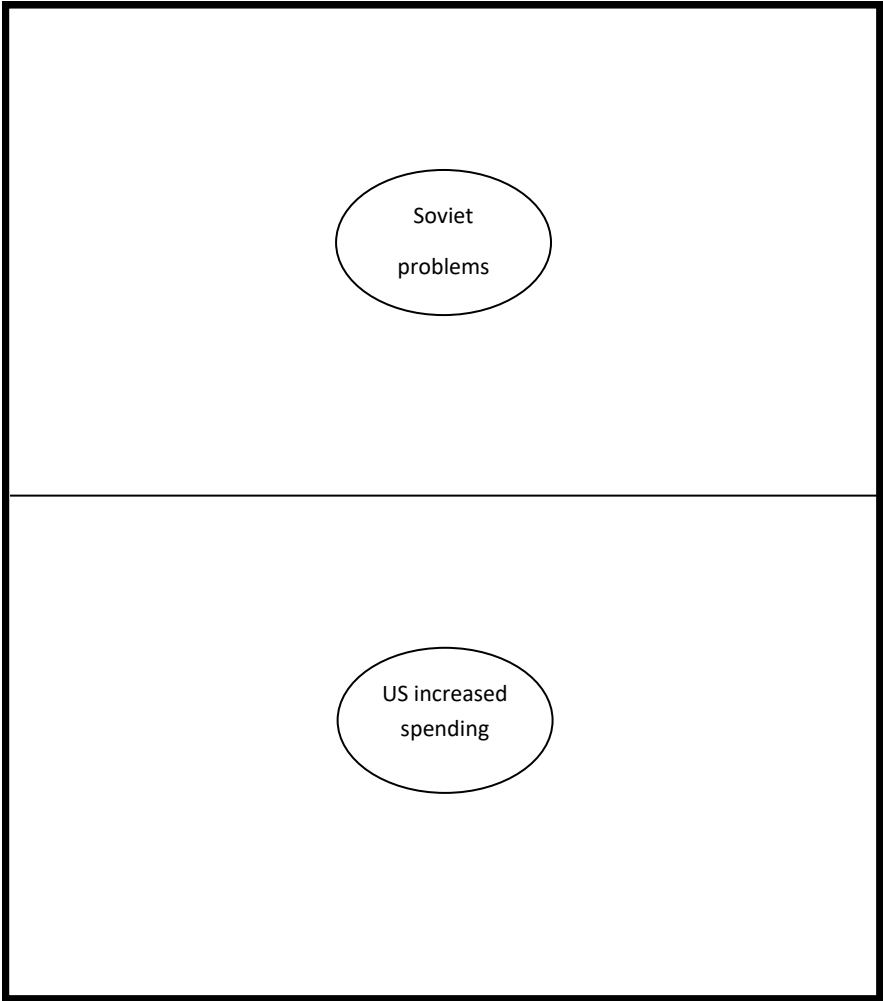
The ending of the cold war



Ideology

Who	Role in the 1980s	How they helped end the CW	Importance in ending the CW
Reagan 			
Gorbachev 			
Brezhnev / Andropov / Chernenkov 			
Hoenecker 			
Ceausescu 			
Walesa 			
Jaruzelski 			

Different factors involve in ending the cold war

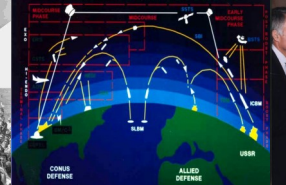


Summit (When)	Agreements	How it end the CW
Geneva		
Reykjavik		
Washington		
Moscow		
Malta		

	Reagan Doctrine
What was it?	
How did it lead to ending the CW?	
	Gorbachev doctrine
What was it	
How did it change E Europe	
How did it lead to ending the CW?	

The ending of the cold war

For each event, add a date, and explain briefly how it led to the end of the cold war.



- Geneva summit.
- Boycott of Moscow Olympics
- Andropov dies.
- START treaty signed.
- Reagan becomes president.
- Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.
- KAL007 Shot down.
- Ceausescu killed.
- SALT 2 withdrawn.
- Thatcher meets Gorbachev.
- Shevardnadze new foreign minister.
- SDI announced.
- Independence for Baltic states.
- Solidarity campaign begins in Poland.
- Gorbachev visits East Germany.
- US invasion of Granada.
- Hungary opens its borders.
- Brezhnev dies.
- Reykjavik summit.
- Iranian embassy hostage crisis.
- Free elections in Poland.
- Kadar sacked as Hungarian leader.
- Washington summit.
- Chernenko dies.
- Fall of Berlin wall.
- Marshall law in Poland.
- Moscow summit.
- Collapse of communism in Czechoslovakia.
- Collapse of communism in Bulgaria.
- Independence for Ukraine.
- USSR dissolved.
- Pope John Paul 2 visits Poland. (X 3)
- Collapse of communism in Romania.
- Reagan invades Nicaragua.
- Reunification of Germany.
- Malta summit.
- Reagan increases defence spending by 13%.